

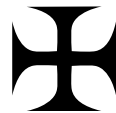
**SUNDAY XVIII
THROUGH THE YEAR**

'Proper' of the Mass

**Set to Gregorian Psalm-tones
With Organ Accompaniment**

by

Samuel F. Weber, O.S.B.



2005

The 'Proper' of the Mass
for Sundays and Solemnities of the Liturgical Year
commissioned by
Prince of Peace Catholic Church,
Taylors, SC.

2005

Acknowledgements

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Harmonizations of Latin Psalm tones adapted by the editor from the settings of Carlo Rossini in his classic work '*Proper*' of the Mass for the Entire Liturgical Year, 1933 ff.

English tones and harmonizations by Samuel F. Weber, O.S.B.

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ORGAN ACCOMPANIMENT

**SUNDAY XVIII
THROUGH THE YEAR**

Introit

Deus, in adiutorium meum intende.

Ps 68 : 2.6

Antiphon :

4. O God, come to my help. O Lord, quickly give me

Musical notation for the first line of the antiphon, consisting of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff begins with a G4 quarter note, followed by an A4 quarter note, a B4 quarter note, and a C5 quarter note. The bass staff begins with a G3 quarter note, followed by an A3 quarter note, a B3 quarter note, and a C4 quarter note. Both staves have a fermata over the final note of the first measure.

as- sis- tance. You are the one who helps me and sets

Musical notation for the second line of the antiphon, consisting of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff begins with a G4 quarter note, followed by an A4 quarter note, a B4 quarter note, and a C5 quarter note. The bass staff begins with a G3 quarter note, followed by an A3 quarter note, a B3 quarter note, and a C4 quarter note. Both staves have a fermata over the final note of the first measure.

me free : * O Lord, do not be long in com- ing.

Musical notation for the third line of the antiphon, consisting of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff begins with a G4 quarter note, followed by an A4 quarter note, a B4 quarter note, and a C5 quarter note. The bass staff begins with a G3 quarter note, followed by an A3 quarter note, a B3 quarter note, and a C4 quarter note. Both staves have a fermata over the final note of the first measure.

Introit

Psalm Verse

Avertantur retrorsum.

Ps 69 : 3

4. Let them be put to shame and con-found-ed * all those

Musical notation for the first part of the psalm verse, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef) in 4/4 time. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and quarter notes, with some rests and ties.

who seek my life.

Musical notation for the second part of the psalm verse, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef) in 4/4 time. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and quarter notes, with some rests and ties.

Sunday XVIII Through the Year

Gloria Patri :

4. Glo- ry be to the Fa-ther, and to the Son, * and to

Musical notation for the first line of the Gloria Patri. It consists of a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The treble staff contains a melody of eighth and quarter notes, while the bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The time signature is 4/4.

the Ho- ly Spir- it. As it was in the begin-ning,

Musical notation for the second line of the Gloria Patri. It continues the melody and accompaniment from the first line. The treble staff features a melodic line with some rests, and the bass staff provides a steady accompaniment. The time signature remains 4/4.

is now, and ev- er shall be, * world with- out end.

Musical notation for the third line of the Gloria Patri. The treble staff shows a melodic line that concludes with a final cadence. The bass staff continues with a harmonic accompaniment. The time signature is 4/4.

A- men.

Musical notation for the final line of the Gloria Patri. It shows a final cadence in both the treble and bass staves, with a double bar line indicating the end of the piece. The time signature is 4/4.

Introit

Antiphon :

O God, come to my help. O Lord, quickly give me

Musical notation for the first part of the antiphon, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clefs). The melody is written in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The music features a simple harmonic structure with a few notes and rests.

assistance. You are the one who helps me and sets me

Musical notation for the second part of the antiphon, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clefs). The melody continues in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The music features a simple harmonic structure with a few notes and rests.

free : O Lord, do not be long in com- ing.

Musical notation for the third part of the antiphon, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clefs). The melody continues in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The music features a simple harmonic structure with a few notes and rests.

Sunday XVIII Through the Year

Psalm Verses : Psalm 69, Mode 4



1. Let them be put to shame and **confounded** *
who *seek my life*.
2. Let them be turned back in **disgrace** *
who *desire my ruin*. (R.)
3. But may all who **seek** you *
exult and be *glad in you*,
4. And may those who love your **salvation** *
Say ever, / “ *God be glorified!* ” (R.)
5. But I am afflicted and **poor** ; *
O God, *hasten to help* me !
6. You are my help and my **deliverer** ; *
O Lord, / *hold not back* ! (R.)

Introit

Metrical Psalm.

Tune : SAINT COLUMBA (C.M.)

Ps 70

On thee, O Lord, my trust is built ;
Let me not come to shame ;
As thou art just deliver me
Who call upon thy Name.

In thee, and thee alone, has been
My trust from early youth,
And from thy life my life has come,
O God of grace and truth.

Cast me not off, when at the last
Old age shall overtake ;
Nor in my days of failing strength
Do thou my soul forsake.

How greatly doth my heart rejoice
To render thee its praise !
Thy faithfulness shall be my theme
Till end my earthly days.

All glory to the Father be,
And to his only Son ;
All praise unto the Comforter,
The Godhead, Three in One.

Scottish Metrical Psalter (1650)

Notes

The version of the *Scottish Metrical Psalter* that I have does not have a version for the appointed Psalm, Ps 69. I am including here a version of Ps 70, which continues the themes of Ps 69. The themes of “youth” and “old age” will resonate with congregations, especially the elderly.

The Introit in Mode 4 ends on an E final with an E major chord. Play the hymn tune St. Columba on an E final with four sharps (E major).

If desired, all may be played in a lower key using a transposer, maintaining the same tonal relationships. Or the Introit may end on an E final, and the hymn tune played on a D final, two sharps (D major), to good effect also.

Sunday XVIII Through the Year

Responsorial Psalm (A)

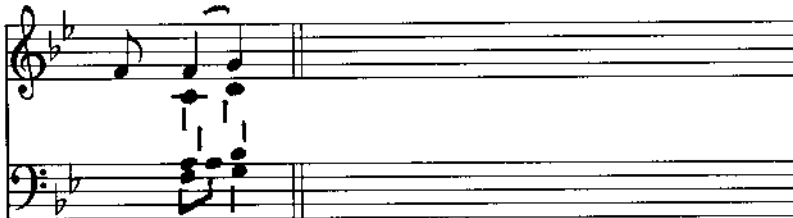
Aperis tu manum tuam.

Ps 144 : 16

8a. The hand of the Lord feeds us ; he an-swers all



our needs.



Psalm

A

B



Verses

Ps 144 : 8-9. 15-16. 17-18

1. The Lord is gracious and **merciful**, *
slow to anger and of *great kindness*.
2. The Lord is good to **all** *
and compassionate toward all *his works*. (R.)
3. The eyes of all look hopefully to **you**, *
and you give them their food in *due season* ;
4. you open your **hand** *
and satisfy the desire of every living thing. (R.)
5. The Lord is just in all his **ways** *
and holy in all *his works*.
6. The Lord is near to all who call upon **him**, *
to all who call upon him in truth. (R.)

Responsorial Psalm

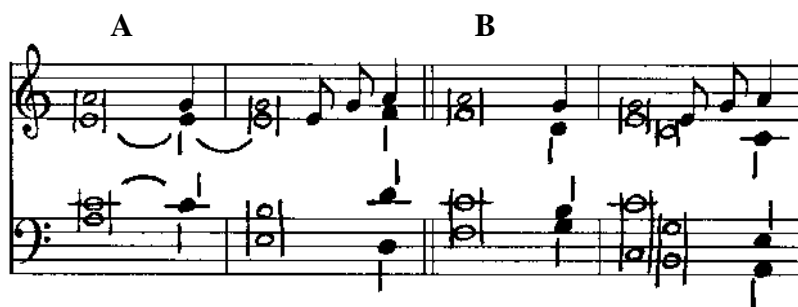
Responsorial Psalm (B)

Panem caeli.

Cf. Ps 77 : 24b

Refrain

4. The Lord gave them bread from heav- en.



Verses

Ps 77 : 3-4. 23-24. 25. 54

1. What we have heard and **know**, *
and what our fathers have *declared to us*,
2. We will declare to the generations yet to come †
the glorious deeds of the Lord and his **strength** *
and the wonders *that he wrought*. (℟.)
3. He commanded the skies **above** *
and opened the *doors of heaven* ;
4. he rained manna upon them for **food** *
and gave them *heavenly bread*. (℟.)
5. Man ate the bread of **angels**, *
food he sent them *in abundance*.
6. And he brought them to his holy **land**, *
to the mountains his *right hand had won*. (℟.)

Sunday XVIII Through the Year

Responsorial Psalm (C)

Utinam hodie vocem Domini.

Ps 94 : 8

Refrain

5. If to- day you hear his voice, hard-en not your hearts.



Psalm

Verses

Ps 94 : 1-2. 6-7. 8-9

A

B



1. Come, / let us sing joyfully to *the Lord* ; *
let us acclaim the Rock of *our salvation*.
2. Let us greet him with *thanksgiving* ; *
let us joyfully sing *psalms to him*. (R)
3. Come, let us bow down *in worship* ; *
let us kneel before the *Lord who made* us.
4. For he is *our God*, *
and we are the people he shepherds, / the *flock he guides*. (R)
5. Oh, that today you would listen to his voice : †
“ Harden not your hearts as at *Meribah*, *
as in the day of Massah *in the desert*,
6. Where your *fathers tempted* me ;
they tested me / though they had *seen my works*. ” (R)

Alleluia

Alleluia

6. Al- le- lu- ia, al- le- lu- ia.

Musical notation for the first Alleluia phrase, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef) in a key signature of one flat. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The phrase is: Al- le- lu- ia, al- le- lu- ia.

1. Al- le- lu- ia, al- le- lu- ia, al- le- lu- ia.

Musical notation for the second Alleluia phrase, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef) in a key signature of one flat. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The phrase is: 1. Al- le- lu- ia, al- le- lu- ia, al- le- lu- ia.

Verse (A and B)

Non in solo pane.

Mt 4 : 4b

1 or 6. One does not live on bread a- lone, but on every word

Musical notation for the first line of the verse, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef) in a key signature of one flat. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The text is: One does not live on bread a- lone, but on every word

that comes forth from the mouth of God.

Musical notation for the second line of the verse, consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef) in a key signature of one flat. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass clef. The text is: that comes forth from the mouth of God.

Offertory

Offertory. Mode 8

Precatus est Moyses.

Ex 32 : 11. 12. 13. 14



The intonation notes are used only with verse 1.

1. Moses prayed in the sight of the Lord his **God** and said, *
“ Why, O Lord, is your indignation enkindled against your **people** ?
2. Let the anger of your **mind** cease ; *
remember Abraham, Isaac, and **J**acob,
3. to whom you swore to **give** a land *
flowing with milk and **honey**. ”
4. And the Lord was appeased from doing the **evil** *
which he had spoken of doing against his **people**.

Sunday XVIII Through the Year

Communion (Option 1)

Panem de caelo.

Wis 16 : 20

5. You gave us bread from heav-en, Lord : * a sweet-tasting

Musical notation for the first part of the chant. It consists of two staves: a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody is written in the treble staff, starting on a dotted quarter note, followed by eighth notes, and ending with a double bar line. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with a dotted quarter note, followed by quarter notes, and ending with a double bar line.

bread that was ver- y good to eat.

Musical notation for the second part of the chant. It consists of two staves: a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody is written in the treble staff, starting on a dotted quarter note, followed by eighth notes, and ending with a double bar line. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with a dotted quarter note, followed by quarter notes, and ending with a double bar line.

Communion

Communion (Option 2)

Ego sum panis vitae.

In 00 : 00

5. The Lord says : I am the bread of life. A man who

Musical notation for the first line of the chant. It consists of two staves: a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody is written in the treble staff, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass staff. The music features a series of eighth and quarter notes in the treble, with corresponding chords in the bass.

comes to me will not go away hun-gry, * and no one who

Musical notation for the second line of the chant. It consists of two staves: a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody is written in the treble staff, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass staff. The music features a series of eighth and quarter notes in the treble, with corresponding chords in the bass.

be-lieves in me will thirst.

Musical notation for the third line of the chant. It consists of two staves: a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody is written in the treble staff, and the organ accompaniment is in the bass staff. The music features a series of eighth and quarter notes in the treble, with corresponding chords in the bass.

Psalm during Communion (A & B)

Psalm Tone. Mode xx



Verses

Ps 77 : 1. 2. 3-4a. 4bcd. 23. 24. 25. 28. 29

1. Hearken, my people, to *my teaching* ; *
incline your ear to the words of *my mouth*.
2. I will open my mouth in *a parable*, *
I will utter mysteries from *of old*. (℟̣.)
3. What we have heard *and known*, *
and what our fathers have *declared* to us,
4. The glorious deeds of the Lord and *his strength* *
and the wonders that *he wrought*. (℟̣.)
5. He commanded the skies *above* *
and the doors of heaven *he opened* ;
6. He rained manna upon them *for food* *
and gave them heavenly *bread*. (℟̣.)
7. Man ate the bread *of angels* ; *
he sent them food in *abundance*.
8. So they ate and had *their fill* ; *
for he gave them all *they craved*. (℟̣.)

A NOTE ON THE PERFORMANCE OF THE INTROIT

The settings given here are arranged for Prince of Peace Church, where they are performed thus :

ENTRANCE PROCESSION

1. The bell rings. All stand.
2. Celebrant and ministers begin the procession.
3. The choir sings the Introit Antiphon, Psalm Verse, *Gloria Patri*, and repeats the Introit Antiphon *recto tono*.

INCENSATION OF THE ALTAR AND CRUCIFIX

4. The choir is concluding the Introit as the celebrant and ministers reach the altar. They reverence. The celebrant begins to fill the thurible with incense.
5. The organ intones the chorale melody for the metrical hymn, playing the whole melody through once.
6. Choir and congregation sing the metrical Psalm as the celebrant is incensing the altar and crucifix.
 - a. The whole Psalm may be sung in unison by all.
 - b. The choir may alternate with the congregation, singing the even number verses in unison, or in four part harmony, *a capella*. This is indicated in the program.
 - c. The organist may provide organ interludes. Festive instruments may be used on greater feasts. Varied hymn accompaniments are encouraged from verse to verse.

AT THE CHAIR

7. The celebrant concludes the incensation, and takes his place at the chair. The metrical Psalm concludes.
 - a. The singing of the metrical Psalm is timed so as to conclude with the arrival of the celebrant at the chair.
 - b. Some verses of the metrical Psalm may be omitted if they are not needed. The final verse, the Doxology, is always included and never omitted.
 - c. The Introit covers the action of the entrance of celebrant and ministers and the incensation of the altar. The singing should not be unduly prolonged at this point, although it may continue a bit if necessary.

PSALM VERSES

8. Psalm verses are provided for other communities if they choose not to use the metrical Psalm version. As indicated, the Introit Antiphon is repeated after the verses.

ADAPTATION

9. Prince of Peace is a large church in the romanesque style that allows for an extended entrance rite. Smaller churches and communities will adapt this plan to suit their particular needs.